BEGIN — MAY 3 1961

30.24-625

NIGHT LEAD SPY A9

BY TOM OCHILTREE

LONDON, MAY 3 (AP)-A BRITISH DIPLOMAT WHO WAS SUBJECTED TO COMMUNIST BRAINWASHING ATTEMPTS AS A CAPTIVE IN KOREA WAS SENTENCED TODAY TO 42 YEARS IN PRISON FOR SPYING FOR THE SOVIET UNION.

GEORGE BLAKE, 38 YEARS OLD AND THE FATHER OF THREE CHILDREN, WAS HANDED THE STIFFEST PRISON SENTENCE IN MODERN BRITISH HISTORY AFTER PLEADING GUILTY TO ESPIONAGE CHARGES, WHICH WERE NOT PUBLISHED IN DETAIL.

INFORMANTS SAID THE HEAVY SENTENCE WAS MEANT TO SERVE AS A WARNING AND DETERRENT TO OTHERS. BLAKE IS BELIEVED TO HAVE GIVEN THE NAMES OF EIGHT BRITISH AGENTS TO THE SOVIET COUNTERESPIONAGE APPARATUS DURING A PERIOD OF ALMOST A DECADE.

EVEN WITH TIME OFF FOR GOOD BEHAVIOR BLAKE, FORMERLY BRITISH VICE CONSUL IN SEOUL, CANNOT EXPECT TO GAIN HIS FREEDOM UNTIL HE IS 66.

FOR REASONS OF NATIONAL SECURITY, ATTORNEY GENERAL SIR REGINALD MANNINGHAM-BULLER DECLINED TO REVEAL THE PRECISE NATURE OF THE INFORMATION COMMUNICATED TO MOSCOW. HOWEVER, HE QUOTED BLAKE AS SAYING IN A STATEMENT:

"I MUST FREELY ADMIT THAT THERE WAS NOT AN OFFICIAL DOCUMENT OF ANY IMPORTANCE TO WHICH I HAD ACCESS WHICH WAS NOT PASSED TO MY SOVIET CONTACT."

THE ATTORNEY GENERAL EXPLAINED THAT BLAKE SAW MANY IMPORTANT SECRET PAPERS BUT FORTUNATELY DID NOT GET HIS HANDS ON DOCUMENTS RELATING TO NUCLEAR WEAPONS.

SENTENCE WAS PASSED AFTER THE COURT UNDER LORD PARKER, THE CHIEF JUSTICE, HAD BEEN IN SECRET SESSION ONLY 54 MINUTES.

"YOUR CASE IS AKIN TO TREASON," THE CHIEF JUSTICE TOLD BLAKE.

BORN IN THE NETHERLANDS OF A BRITISH FATHER AND A DUTCH MOTHER, BLAKE LEARNED EARLY IN LIFE TO COPE WITH MANY OF EUROPE'S LANGUAGES.

DURING WORLD WAR II HE SERVED AS A TRANSLATOR IN THE ROYAL NAVY.

WITH THE COMING OF PEACE HE JOINED THE FOREIGN OFFICE WHERE HE LEARNED RUSSIAN AND BECAME A KEEN STUDENT OF SOVIET AFFAIRS. AT THAT PERIOD HE ALWAYS SEEMED TO THOSE WHO MET HIM AS A FIRM ANTI-COMMUNIST.

HE WAS INTERNED BY THE COMMUNISTS SOON AFTER THE START OF THE KOREAN WAR IN 1950 AND WAS NOT FREED UNTIL THE TRUCE WAS SIGNED IN 1953. IT WAS DURING THIS PERIOD, BRITISH AUTHORITIES SAID, THAT BLAKE WAS PERSUADED TO BECOME A RED AGENT.

BLAKE WORE A BEARD WHEN HE WAS ONE OF A BEDRAGGLED BRITISH PARTY THAT CAME THROUGH MOSCOW AFTER BEING FREED BY THE COMMUNISTS. HE APPEARED IN COURT TODAY CLEANSHAVEN.

ODDLY ENOUGH, THE DIPLOMATS INTERNED WITH BLAKE REMEMBERED HIM AS A STRONG-WILLED MAN ABLE TO STAND UP TO RED BRAINWASHING TECHNIQUES.

MANNINGHAM-BULLER DID NOT MENTION THE REPORTED BRAINWASHING ATTEMPTS BUT SAID BLAKE MADE A FULL CONFESSION STATING THAT IN 1951--WHEN THE DIPLOMAT WAS STILL IN COMMUNIST CAPTIVITY--HE FORMED "THE STRONG CONVICTION THAT THE COMMUNIST SYSTEM WAS BETTER THAN OURS AND DESERVED TO TRIUMPH."

"TO QUOTE HIS OWN WORDS," SAID THE ATTORNEY GENERAL, "HE RESOLVED TO JOIN THE COMMUNIST SIDE IN ESTABLISHING WHAT HE BELIEVED TO BE A MORE JUST SOCIETY.

"HE THEN APPROACHED THE RUSSIANS AND VOLUNTEERED TO WORK FOR THEM. HIS OFFER WAS ACCEPTED."

MANNINGHAM-BULLER CLAIMED BLAKE'S BETRAYAL WAS "EVEN GRAVER" THAN THE ESPIONAGE COMMITTED BY A RECENTLY CONVICTED SPY RING.

THE EARLIER TRIAL TO WHICH THE ATTORNEY GENERAL REFERRED ENDED MARCH 22 WHEN TWO BRITONS, TWO AMERICANS AND A RUSSIAN WERE SENTENCED TO PRISON TERMS RANGING FROM 15 TO 25 YEARS FOR GIVING ROYAL NAVY SUBMARINE SECRETS TO MOSCOW.

INFORMANTS SAID BLAKE, IN HIS CONFESSION REVEALED IN COURT.

TOLD OF THE "POLITICAL CHANGES" IN HIS VIEWS WHICH DEVELOPED DURING HIS PERIOD OF CAPTIVITY BY THE COMMUNISTS IN KOREA.

ELABORATING ON THIS THEME THE EVENING STANDARD SAID BLAKE'S THREE YEARS OF CAPTIVITY "ENDED NOT WITH HATRED FOR HIS CAPTORS BUT WITH SUCH A COMPELLING SYMPATHY FOR THEIR CAUSE THAT HE WENT TO THE RUSSIANS AND OFFERED HIMSELF AS AN AGENT FOR THEM AND A TRAITOR TO BRITAIN."

BLAKE WAS CONVICTED FOR FIVE SEPARATE VIOLATIONS OF THE OFFICIAL SECRETS ACT. IN GIVING THE COURT'S VERDICT THE LORD CHIEF JUSTICE TOLD THE DEFENDANT:

"YOUR CASE IS ONE OF THE WORST THAT CAN BE ENVISAGED IN TIMES OF PEACE. YOUR CONDUCT IN MANY OTHER COUNTRIES WOULD UNDOUBTEDLY CARRY THE DEATH PENALTY."

BRITAIN IMPOSES THE DEATH PENALTY FOR ESPIONAGE ONLY IN WARTIME. BLAKE'S SENTENCE WAS MUCH MORE SEVERE THAN THAT OF OTHER CONVICTED POSTWAR SPIES. ATOM SPY KLAUS FUCHS GOT 14 YEARS AND SERVED NINE. RECORDS IN THE HOME OFFICE SHOW THE LONGEST SENTENCE ACTUALLY SERVED IN MODERN TIMES WAS SERVED BY A BLACKMAILER RELEASED IN 1907 AFTER TWO-THIRDS OF A 29-YEAR TERM. AS FOR LIFE SENTENCES, THEY USUALLY WORK OUT 15 YEARS BEHIND BARS IN BRITAIN.

BLAKE WORKED FOR A TIME IN THE FOREIGN OFFICE AFTER HE WAS FREED FROM KOREA. THEN HE WAS POSTED TO GERMANY. AT THE TIME OF HIS ARREST THREE WEEKS AGO HE WAS ATTENDING THE SCHOOL OF ARABIC STUDIES IN BEIRUT. THE SCHOOL IS RUN BY THE BRITISH FOREIGN OFFICE.

IN BERLIN HE WORKED IN INTELLIGENCE. BRITISH OFFICIALS THERE DECLINED TO DISCLOSE ANY OFFICIAL DETAILS OF HIS POST OR DUTIES.

PEOPLE WHO KNEW HIM SAID HE WAS BELIEVED TO BE ON THE SPECIAL STAFF EMPLOYED TO GATHER AND EVALUATE INTELLIGENCE FROM EAST GERMANY. ALL THE OCCUPYING POWERS HAVE SUCH STAFFS IN BERLIN, AN ACTIVE CENTER OF COLD WAR ESPIONAGE.

BLAKE WAS DESCRIBED AS BEING OF A QUIET, STUDIOUS DISPOSITION. HE WAS SAID TO HAVE LIVED QUIETLY IN BERLIN WITH HIS FAMILY, NOT ATTRACTING MUCH ATTENTION.

255 PED

BRAIN WASH (WITH SPY) #112

BY EDDY GILMORE

LONDON, MAY 3 (AP)-THE TRANS-SIBERIAN EXPRESS SLOWLY GROUND TO A HALT AT THE MOSCOW END OF THE LINE.

INSIDE ONE OF THOSE DUSTY RAILWAY CARS WAS CAPT. VYVYAN HOLT, THE FORMER BRITISH CONSUL IN SEOUL, KOREA, AND A LITTLE BAND OF MEN AND WOMEN JUST RELEASED FROM NORTH KOREAN JAILS.

TO GET BACK HOME, THEY HAD HAD TO TRAVEL WESTWARD OVER THE TRANS-SIBERIAN TO MOSCOW.

ONE OF THE MEN WAS GEORGE BLAKE, SENTENCED TODAY TO 42 YEARS IN PRISON FOR SPYING FOR RUSSIA.

BUT WHEN THE TRANS-SIBERIAN ROLLED INTO MOSCOW, BLAKE WAS HAILED HERE AS A GALLANT YOUNG DIPLOMAT WHO'D STOOD UP UNDER MONTHS OF COMMUNIST BRAIN WASHING.

ANOTHER OF THE MEN ON THE TRANS-SIBERIAN WAS BISHOP CECIL COOPER, NOW CHAPLAIN TO THE CONVENT OF THE SOCIETY OF THE LOVE OF GOD AT BURWASH, SUSSEX.

"BLAKE WAS A MAN OF GREAT ENERGY," SAID BISHOP COOPER IN AN INTERVIEW. "HE HELPED TO KEEP US ALIVE BY HIS ENTHUSIASM AND HIS COURAGE."

AS THE BEDRAGGLED BAND OF INTERNEES STRAGGLED OFF THE TRAIN, HOLT AND BLAKE, BEING DIPLOMATS, HESITATED TO TALK TO NEWSMEN. BUT THE OTHERS HAD MUCH TO SAY. MUCH OF THE TALK WAS HOW BLAKE HAD HELPED THEM STAND UP TO BRAIN WASHING.

"THEY TRIED TO BRAIN WASH US THROUGH AN INTERPRETER," COOPER RECALLED, "BUT GAVE IT UP AS A HOPELESS JOB BECAUSE OF THE LANGUAGE DIFFICULTY.

"BLAKE RESISTED THE BRAIN WASHING FIERCELY, ARGUING WITH THE POLITICAL OFFICERS WHO WERE ATTEMPTING TO INDOCTRINATE US.

"BEFORE THE KOREAN WAR I SAW A LOT OF BLAKE. MY HOUSE IN SEOUL WAS JUST OVER THE WALL FROM THE BRITISH EMBASSY AND HE USED TO POP IN VERY OFTEN.

"HE WAS A REGULAR CHURCHGOER, A FINE CHAP AND A VERY GOOD DIPLOMAT."

HERBERT LORD, THEN A SALVATION ARMY COMMISSIONER, WAS ONE OF BLAKE'S FELLOW PRISONERS IN INTERNMENT.

"BLAKE WAS A TYPICAL FOREIGN OFFICE TYPE, A MAN OF THE WORLD. VERY RESERVED UNTIL YOU GOT TO KNOW HIM. A MAN OF GREAT SELF RESPECT," SAID LORD, NOW RETIRED.

"BLAKE TURNED HIS HAND WILLINGLY TO ANY SORT OF JOB, COOKING, CLEANING AND ALL THE OTHER CHORES WE HAD TO DO FOR OURSELVES," HE SAID. "HE WAS A VERY GOOD MAN TO BE INTERNED WITH."

SF1005PED

WITH SPY (168) 8106

LONDON, MAY 3 (AP)-A BRITISH DIPLOMAT'S DECADE OF SPYING FOR THE RUSSIANS SHOCKED MEMBERS OF PARLIAMENT TONIGHT AND PROMPTED DEMANDS FOR AN INVESTIGATION OF BRITAIN'S MUCH-CRITICIZED SECURITY NETWORK.

PRIME MINISTER MACMILLAN WAS UNDER PRESSURE TO EXPLAIN HOW GEORGE BLAKE, A FOREIGN SERVICE OFFICIAL SENTENCED TO 42 YEARS TODAY, PASSED ON SECRETS TO MOSCOW YEAR AFTER YEAR WITHOUT DETECTION.

SEVERAL MEMBERS OF PARLIAMENT SAID PRIVATELY THEY INTEND TO CALL FOR AN INQUIRY INTO THE EFFECTIVENESS OF BRITISH SECURITY.

THEY EXPRESSED CONCERN THAT THE REVELATION OF BLAKE'S 10 YEARS OF ESPIONAGE FOR THE SOVIET UNION MIGHT IMPAIR COOPERATION WITH THE UNITED STATES ON SECURITY ISSUES.

DEMANDS FOR A ROYAL COMMISSION ARE LIKELY TO BE REJECTED BY MACMILLAN'S CONSERVATIVE GOVERNMENT.

IT HAD ALREADY ORGANIZED AN INQUIRY INTO STATE SECURITY FOLLOWING THE CONVICTION IN MARCH OF TWO BRITONS, TWO AMERICANS AND A RUSSIAN FOR SPYING OUT NAVAL SECRETS ON BEHALF OF MOSCOW. THE FIVE RECEIVED PRISON TERMS RANGING FROM 15 TO 25 YEARS.

SF949PED

A139WX

URGENT

PRECEDE NEW YORK

3024-627

WASHINGTON, MAY 3 (AP)-THE WHITE HOUSE ANNOUNCED TODAY THAT DR. JAMES R KILLIAN JR. WILL HEAD A PRESIDENTIAL BOARD TO WATCH OVER FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE ACTIVITIES.

KILLIAN, CHAIRMAN OF THE CORPORATION OF THE MASSACHUSETTS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY, HEADED THE BOARD WHEN IT WAS SET UP IN 1956 BY FORMER PRESIDENT DWIGHT D. EISENHOWER TO WATCH OVER THE CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY AND ALL OTHER AGENCIES ENGAGED IN FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

ANDREW J. HATCHER, ASSISTANT WHITE HOUSE PRESS SECRETARY, SAID THE BOARD, INACTIVE SINCE EISENHOWER LEFT OFFICE, WILL BE REACTIVATED. HE SAID IT WAS LIKELY MOST OF THE MEMBERS WOULD BE NEW.

THE REACTIVATION OF THE BOARD, FORMERLY CALLED THE PRESIDENT'S BOARD OF CONSULTANTS ON FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE ACTIVITIES, IS VIEWED AS A STEP BY KENNEDY TO BOLSTER CONFIDENCE IN THE INTELLIGENCE SERVICES. THERE HAS BEEN SOME CRITICISM OF THE CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY IN CONGRESS AND ELSEWHERE AS A RESULT OF ITS ROLE IN THE UNSUCCESSFUL INVASION OF CUBA BY ANTI-CASTRO CUBANS.

THE NEW YORK TIMES PUBLISHED A STORY TODAY GIVING THAT INTERPRETATION TO THE MOVE.

A WASHINGTON DISPATCH TO THE TIMES, REPORTING THE SELECTION OF KILLIAN, SAID IT IS THE LATEST OF A NUMBER OF STEPS TAKEN BY KENNEDY TO RESTORE CONFIDENCE IN THE INTELLIGENCE SERVICES AFTER THE RECENT UNSUCCESSFUL ATTEMPT TO SET OFF A COUNTER-REVOLUTION IN CUBA.

THE STORY ALSO SAID IN PART:

THE POST FOR WHICH KENNEDY HAS PICKED KILLIAN IS THE CHAIRMANSHIP OF THE PRESIDENT'S BOARD OF CONSULTANTS ON FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE ACTIVITIES (CAPS). THIS BOARDWAS SET UP BY FORMER PRESIDENT EISENHOWER TO KEEP PERMANENT WATCH OVER THE CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY (CIA) AND ALL OTHER AGENCIES ENGAGED IN FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

KILLIAN WAS THE BOARD'S FIRST CHAIRMAN.

KILLIAN NOW WILL SUCCEED THE MAN WHO SUCCEEDED HIM AS CHAIRMAN, GEN. JOHN E. HULL (RET), FORMER COMMANDER OF U. S. FORCES IN THE FAR EAST AND PRESIDENT OF THE MANUFACTURING CHEMISTS ASSOCIATION.

THE BOARD, A CONTINUING BODY, IS SUPPOSED TO REPORT TO THE PRESIDENT EVERY SIX MONTHS. IT IS THUS DISTINCT FROM THE TEMPORARY GROUP GROUP UNDER GEN. MAXWELL D. TAYLOR, WHOM KENNEDY APPOINTED TO CONDUCT AN INVESTIGATION OF THE INTELLIGENCE AGENCIES WITH SPECIAL REFERENCE TO THE CUBAN LANDING.

SOME OF THE MEMBERS OF THE BOARD WILL BE REPLACED BY KENNEDY, AND THE NEW BOARD WILL BE ANNOUNCED IN A FEW DAYS.

THE MEMBERS ARE DR. WILLIAM O. BAKER, VICE PRESIDENT FOR RESEARCH, BELL TELEPHONE LABORATORIES, MURRAY HILL, N. J.; ADM. RICHARD L. CONOLLY, PRESIDENT OF LONG ISLAND UNIVERSITY, GREENVALE, N. Y.; COLGATE W. DARDEN, FORMER GOVERNOR OF VIRGINIA, NORFOLK, VA.; LT. GEN. JAMES H. DOOLITTLE, CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD, SPACE TECHNOLOGY LABORATORIES IMC., LOS ANGELES; ROBERT A. LOVETT, FORMER SECRETARY OF DEFENSE, NEW YORK CITY; AND EDWARD L. RYERSON, FORMER CHAIRMAN OF THE INLAND STEEL CO., CHICAGO.

BN709AED

A53WX (BJT)

(420)

AMS BUDGET

PERSONALITY IN THE NEWS

DR. JAMES R. KILLIAN

BY GARDNER L. BRIDGE

WASHINGTON, MAY 3 (AP)-IT MAY BE TIME FOR DR. JAMES R. KILLIAN TO RECALL WHAT THE SLIGHTLY BEFUDDLED YOUNG LADY SAID AT HER FIRST WASHINGTON COCKTAIL PARTY.

AS KILLIAM TELLS THE STORY, SHE HAD A FEW DRINKS AND THEN TOLD THE HOSTESS: "I FEEL A LOT MORE LIKE I DO NOW THAN WHEN I CAME IN."

KILLIAN, WHO IS LEAVING HIS EDUCATOR'S JOB IN CAMBRIDGE, MASS., ONCE MORE TO TAKE ON A GOVERNMENT ASSIGNMENT, RELATED THE INCIDENT A COUPLE OF YEARS AGO TO DESCRIBE HOW HE FELT AFTER BEING IN WASHINGTON A FEW WEEKS.

THE WHITE HOUSE ANNOUNCED TODAY HE WILL RETURN TO HEAD A PRESIDENTIAL BOARD ON FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE ACTIVITIES.

PRESIDENT KENNEDY IS REACTIVATING THE BOARD, WHICH HAS BEEN DORMANT SINCE HE TOOK OFFICE, TO MONITOR THE WORK OF THE CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY AND THE NUMEROUS OTHER UNITS ENGAGED IN FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE. THESE INCLUDE AGENCIES OF THE ARMED SERVICES, THE STATE DEPARTMENT, THE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION, AND SOME OTHER BRANCHES OF GOVERNMENT.

THE NEW YORK TIMES SAID IT WAS A MOVE BY KENNEDY TO RESTORE CONFIDENCE IN THE INTELLIGENCE SERVICES AFTER LAST MONTH'S UNSUCCESSFUL ATTEMPT TO SET OFF A COUNTER-REVOLUTION IN CUBA.

KILLIAN, NOW CHAIRMAN OF THE CORPORATION OF THE MASSACHUSETTS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY, HEADED THE BOARD WHEN IT WAS CREATED IN 1956 BY FORMER PRESIDENT DWIGHT D. EISENHOWER. IT WAS CALLED THE PRESIDENTIAL BOARD OF CONSULTANTS ON FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE ACTIVITIES.

IN ANNOUNCING KILLIAN'S REAPPOINTMENT AS CHAIRMAN, ANDREW J. HATCHER, ASSISTANT WHITE HOUSE PRESS SECRETARY, SAID MOST OF THE MEMBERS OF THE REACTIVATED BOARD PROBABLY WILL BE NEW.

THE 56-YEAR-OLD KILLIAN, WHO HAS BEEN IDENTIFIED WITH M.I.T. SINCE HIS UNDERGRADUATE DAYS, HAS INTERRUPTED HIS ACADEMIC CHORES PERIODICALLY DURING THE PAST DECADE TO TAKE ON VARIOUS GOVERNMENT POSTS.

STARTING WITH FORMER PRESIDENT HARRY S. TRUMAN'S COMMUNICATIONS POLICY BOARD IN 1950, HE SERVED ON SEVERAL PRESIDENTIAL BOARDS AND COMMISSIONS. AFTER THE RUSSIANS FIRED THEIR FIRST SPUTNIK INTO ORBIT IN 1957 HE BECAME EISENHOWER'S SPECIAL SCIENCE ADVISER.

HIS ASSIGNMENT WAS TO STUDY AMERICA'S MISSILE AND OTHER MILITARY PROGRAMS, ADVISE ON PRIORITIES IN RESEARCH, AND HELP IRON OUT RIVALRIES AMONG THE VARIOUS SERVICES.

SINCE RETURNING TO M.I.T. IN MAY 1959, KILLIAN HAS MADE A NUMBER OF SPEECHES SUGGESTING THE UNITED STATES MIGHT BETTER SPEND MORE MONEY ON EDUCATION AND LESS ON SPECTACULAR EFFORTS TO MATCH THE RUSSIANS IN SPACE.

WHILE NOT GIVEN GENERALLY TO CATCH PHRASES, KILLIAN HAS URGED THE COUNTRY TO "DE-EMPHASIZE THE HOT RODDERS AMONG OUR YOUTH AND ENCOURAGE THE HOT MINDS."

A NATIVE OF BLACKSBURG, S.C., KILLIAN GREW UP IN CONCORD, N.C., WHERE HIS FATHER WAS IN THE TEXTILE BUSINESS. HE SWITCHED FROM DUKE UNIVERSITY TO M.I.T. AS A STUDENT AND HAS BEEN THERE EVER SINCE, SERVING NINE YEARS AS PRESIDENT OF THE INSTITUTION.

A SIX-FOOTER WEIGHING 175 POUNDS, KILLIAN IS AN AMATEUR PHOTOGRAPHER, LANDSCAPE PAINTER AND GARDENER. HE ENJOYS CAMPING, MOUNTAIN CLIMBING AND HIKING, AND WITH HIS WIFE, SON AND DAUGHTER HAS CLIMBED SUCH RUGGED PEAKS AS MAINE'S MOUNT KATANDIN.

A57'KX

BULLETIN

SAN FRANCISCO, MAY 3 (AP)-ROBERT J. MEISENBACH WAS ACQUITTED TODAY OF A CHARGE THAT HE CLUBBED A POLICE OFFICER DURING STUDENT DEMONSTRATIONS AGAINST THE HOUSE COMMITTEE ON UNAMERICAN ACTIVITIES IN SAN FRANCISCO CITY HALL LAST MAY 13.

THE 10 WOMEN AND TWO MEN DELIBERATED TWO HOURS AND 50 MINUTES.

APPLAUSE BROKE OUT IN THE COURTROOM AS THE VERDICT WAS ANNOUNCED.

MEISENBACH, 23, UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA SENIOR, WAS ARRESTED WITH 63 OTHER DEMONSTRATORS, BUT CHARGES AGAINST ALL THE OTHERS WERE DROPPED.

SPECIFICALLY HE WAS ACCUSED OF ASSAULT WITH A DEADLY WEAPON--HITTING PATROLMAN RALPH E. SCHAUMLEFFEL ON THE HEAD WITH THE OFFICER'S OWN NIGHT STICK.

THEHJURY HEARD 223,000 WORDS OF WIDELY DIVERGING TESTIMONY IN 10 TRIAL DAYS.

IN ITS DELIBERATIONS IT CALLED FOR 50 NEWS PICTURE EXHIBITS OF THE CITY HALL DISORDER AND ASKED FOR A READING OF SCHAUMLEFFEL'S DIRECT TESTIMONY. THE OFFICER INSISTED THAT MEISENBACH STRUCK HIM ON THE BACK OF THE HEAD JUST BEFORE THE OFFICER TACKLED THE STUDENT AND GRAPPLED WITH HIM ON THE STONE FLOOR, WET AND SLIPPERY FROM FIRE HOSE STREAMS TURNED ON THE DEMONSTRATORS.

MEISENBACH AND DEFENSE WITNESSES DENIED HE STRUCK THE OFFICER. MEISENBACH SAID IT WAS THE OTHER WAY AROUND, THE OFFICER HIT HIM. POLICE REBUTTAL WITNESSES WHO ASSISTED IN THE MEISENBACH ARREST SAID THEY DIDN'T SEE ANYBODY HIT ANYONE.

DEFENSE ATTORNEY JACK BERMAN DECLARED THE ACQUITTAL WOULD "KNOCK 'OPERATION ABOLITION' INTO THE CREEK."

THE COMMITTEE ON UNAMERICAN ACTIVITIES SPONSORED THE PRIVATELY DISTRIBUTED FILM, "OPERATION ABOLITION" AS A REPORT OF THE DISORDERS.

COMMITTEE MEMBERS SAID IN THE FILM THAT THE STUDENT DEMONSTRATIONS WERE COMMUNIST INSPIRED AND DIRECTED. STUDENT LEADERS CONTENDED THEIR PROTEST WAS BASED ON REASONED CONVICTION.

BERMAN SAID THE JURORS HAD WEIGHED ALL THE EVIDENCE SURROUNDING THE CITY HALL DISORDERS AND THEIR FINDING IS PROOF THAT "OPERATION ABOLITION" IS FILLED WITH FALSEHOODS.

THE FILM'S NARRATION SAID RIOTING WAS TOUCHED OFF IN CITY HALL BY A STUDENT WHO LEAPED A BARRICADE, GRABBED AN OFFICER'S NIGHT STICK AND STARTED BEATING HIM OVER THE HEAD.

THERE WAS NO SUCH TESTIMONY AT THE TRIAL.

SUPERIOR JUDGE HARRY J. NEUBARTH ORDERED JURORS NOT TO WATCH THE FILM, WHICH WAS SHOWN OVER A SAN FRANCISCO TELEVISION STATION DURING THE SECOND WEEK OF THE HEARING.

WALTER GIUBBINI, ASSISTANT DISTRICT ATTORNEY, SAID:

"THE JURY WEIGHED THE EVIDENCE AND CAME BACK WITH THE ANSWER OF NOT GUILTY. THE CASE RESTED ON WHETHER ASSAULT WAS COMMITTED AND SHOULD BE STRETCHED NO FURTHER THAN THAT."

MEISENBACH WAS JUBILANT. "MY CASE AND MY LAWYERS WERE TOO GOOD FOR ANY VERDICT BUT ACQUITTAL," HE DECLARED. MEISENBACH TURNED TO HIS MOTHER, MRS. JOHN MEISENBACH OF SACRAMENTO, CALIF., IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE VERDICT WAS READ. THEY LEANED ACROSS A COURT RAIL AND EMBRACED.

PROSECUTION TESTIMONY AS WELL AS DEFENSE EVIDENCE AGREED THAT THE ENCOUNTER BETWEEN MEISENBACH AND OFFICER SCHAUMLEFFEL DID NOT TAKE PLACE UNTIL SOME TIME AFTER POLICE HAD TURNED FIRE HOSES ON THE DEMONSTRATORS.

SCHAUMLEFFEL TOLD OF LOSING HIS CLUB WHILE PUSHING BACK THE CROWD. HE SAID THE CLUB WAS PASSED FROM HAND TO HAND UNTIL IT REACHED MEISENBACH. SCHAUMLEFFEL TESTIFIED THE STUDENT RAISED THE CLUB AND STRUCK HIM ON THE HEAD AS THE OFFICER TACKLED THE STUDENT.

MEISENBACH DENIED HITTING THE OFFICER. HE SAID HE HAD TOSSED THE CLUB AWAY AFTER IT SKIDDED ACROSS THE WATER-SLICK MARBLE FLOOR. MEISENBACH TESTIFIED THE OFFICER THEN TACKLED HIM AND HE WAS HANDCUFFED AFTER BEING BEATEN BY A NUMBER OF OFFICERS WHO CAME TO SCHAUMLEFFEL'S AID.

VX828PCS

A61KX

FIRST LEAD TITAN (150)

BY P. D. ELDRED

VANDENBERG AIR FORCE BASE, CALIF., MAY 3 (AP)-A HUGE TITAN MISSILE THUNDERED OUT OF ITS UNDERGROUND LAIR TODAY IN A SUCCESSFUL FIRST TEST OF A "HARDENED" ICBM LAUNCH SYSTEM.

IT WAS INTENTIONALLY DESTROYED ABOUT ~~350~~ 40 MILES DOWN THE PACIFIC MISSILE RANGE AFTER SURVIVING TWO PERIODS OF SEVERE STRESS. ITS RANGE IS 5,000 MILES AND MORE.

THE TEST PIONEERED AN ARMORED UNDERGROUND LAUNCH SYSTEM DESIGNED TO ENABLE THE UNITED STATES TO STRIKE BACK AFTER ATOMIC ATTACK.

THE PRIME GOAL WAS TO LEARN IF THE TWO-STAGE TITAN, THIS COUNTRY'S LARGEST AND MOST POWERFUL ROCKET, COULD SURVIVE THE FLAME AND SOUND-WAVE PUNISHMENT OF LEAVING ITS HOLE.

IT DID, AND LATER CAME THROUGH ANOTHER ALL-OUT BUFFETING 20 MILES UP.

THE AIR FORCE, FEARING EITHER ASSAULT MIGHT BE ENOUGH TO DESTROY THE MISSILE, SAID IT WAS DELIGHTED.

THE FIRING TOOK PLACE DESPITE A 40-KNOT WIND THAT KICKED UP VISIBILITY-OBSCURING DUST.

THE LAUNCH HOLE, CALLED A SILO, IS SIMILAR TO THOSE BEING RUSHED TO COMPLETION AT VARIOUS TITAN BASES.

THE SILO SYSTEMS ARE DESIGNED TO SURVIVE AND SHOOT BACK AFTER ANYTHING BUT A DIRECT HIT BY A NUCLEAR OR THERMONUCLEAR BOMB.

THE ONE TESTED TODAY IS TAILORED FOR A NEW MODEL TITAN CAPABLE OF ALMOST INSTANT FIRING.

EARLIER MODELS, WHICH HAD TO BE FUELED BEFORE FIRING, REQUIRED A 15-MINUTE COUNTDOWN.

FOURTEEN TITAN SQUADRONS HAD BEEN PLANNED, BUT THE KENNEDY ADMINISTRATION RECENTLY RECOMMENDED ELIMINATING TWO. THE FIRST SIX ARE EARLY-MODEL TITAN I BASES. THE OTHERS FOR THE NEW TITAN II.

TITAN I'S MUST BE RAISED FROM THEIR HOLES BEFORE FIRING. TITAN II, WITH STORABLE FUEL, IS IGNITED AT THE HOLE'S BOTTOM. IT IS LARGER, HAS A LONGER RANGE AND CAN CARRY A HEAVIER LOAD--BUT HAS NOT YET BEEN FLIGHT TESTED.

TODAY'S TEST INVOLVED A TITAN II SILO, WITH A MODIFIED TITAN I MISSILE. THE AIM WAS TO TEST THE LAUNCH SETUP, SO ANY NECESSARY REVISIONS MAY BE MADE BY THE TIME TITAN II IS READY.

BLASTOFF WAS AT 1:11 P.M.

A JET OF FLAME AND GREAT CLOUD OF SMOKE BELCHED FROM THE SILO, THEN THE ROCKET SOARED THROUGH IT, ROSE MAJESTICALLY INTO A CLEAR BLUE SKY, AND ARCHED DOWN THE PACIFIC MISSILE RANGE.

THE LAUNCH SITE WAS ATOP A LOW, BRUSHY HILL 3 1/2 MILES INLAND FROM THE SEA.

CRUCIAL PART OF THE LAUNCH WAS GETTING THE MILLE OUT OF THE HOLE AND SAFELY THROUGH A "SOUND BARRIER" JUST ABOVE.

THE WAY THE SYSTEM WORKS:

THE 97-FOOT MISSILE'S 300,000-POUND THRUST ENGINE IS IGNITED NEAR THE BOTTOM OF THE 146-FOOT DEEP SILO. THE MISSILE IS INSIDE A TUBE WITHIN THE SILO.

THE FIERY EXHAUST BLAST HITS THE HOLE'S BOTTOM, THEN IS DEFLECTED UP THE SIDES AND OUT THE TOP BY A "W" SHAPED DEFLECTOR. THE TUBE KEEPS THE MISSILE FROM BEING BURNED.

A MAJOR HAZARD IS INTENSE SONIC VIBRATION, CREATED BY BLAST NOISE, AS THE MISSILE LEAVES THE HOLE. IT CREATES POTENTIALLY DAMAGING HIGH FREQUENCY VIBRATIONS IN THE MISSILE'S SKIN. TO MEASURE IT, THE TEST TITAN WAS EQUIPPED WITH VIBRATION RECORDS AT VARIOUS POINTS.

ONCE OUT OF THE HOLE, THERE WAS ANOTHER HURDLE: AN EXTREME STRESS TEST, POSSIBLY BEYOND TITAN'S DESIGN LIMIT--THE FIRST SUCH IT HAS UNDERGONE.

AT 96 SECONDS, 20 MILES UP, THEY ~~WERE TO~~ CUT OFF THE AUTOMATIC PILOT WHICH KEEPS THE MISSILE STABLE AND ON COURSE. ALLOWED TO RUN FREE, IT WAS SUPPOSED TO PITCH AND YAW AND ACTUALLY BEND.

FINALLY, AFTER 140 SECONDS, ~~350~~ 80 MILES OUT, THE RANGE SAFETY OFFICER ~~WERE TO~~ BLOW IT UP--AS PART OF A TEST OF THE RANGE SAFETY SYSTEM.

THE SECOND STAGE, FILLED WITH WATER FOR THIS RUN, WAS NOT SEPARATED.

TITAN'S SILOS ARE FANTASTICALLY COMPLICATED SYSTEMS OF CONCRETE-LINED SUBTERRANEAN CHAMBERS AND TUNNELS. THERE ARE COMPARTMENTS FOR FUEL, POWER GENERATION, CONTROL--EVEN LIVING QUARTERS FOR STRATEGIC AIR COMMAND CREWS. THEY MAY BE MADE INDEPENDENT OF THE SURFACE, EVEN OF FOOD AND OTHER SUPPLIES.

30.24-629

HEART OF THE COMPLEX IS TITAN'S LAIR, CAPPED AT THE SURFACE BY THICK STEEL AND CONCRETE TRAP DOORS.

EXPERTS HAVE SAID THAT DESTRUCTION OF A SINGLE "HARDENED" BASE MAY REQUIRE 30 TO 40 MISSILES OF TITAN POWER. THEY BELIEVE THE DIFFICULTY OF DESTROYING SUCH BASES IS A POWERFUL DETERRENT TO WAR.

THE FIRST TITAN BASES ARE TO BE TURNED OVER TO THE STRATEGIC AIR COMMAND LATER THIS YEAR.

THIS WAS THE FIRST TITAN SHOT AT THIS WEST COAST TEST CENTER. LAST DECEMBER A TITAN BLEW UP WHILE BEING LOWERED INTO A SILO DURING A FUELING TEST. NO ONE WAS HURT. DAMAGE WAS ESTIMATED AT $5 MILLION.

GM229PCS NM
A115AX KX

(290)

HUNTSVILLE, ALA., MAY 3 (AP)-ALL SORTS OF HIGH-LEVEL TECHNICAL PROBLEMS ABOUND AT REDSTONE ARSENAL, HEART OF MUCH OF THE NATION'S ROCKET DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM.

SUCH AS:

HOW TO GET THE WOODCHUCKS OUT OF THE EARTH-COVERED BUNKERS WHERE MISSILE PARTS AND MOTORS ARE STORED.

THE BUNKERS, CALLED IGLOOS, ARE BUILT OF CONCRETE AND COVERED WITH EARTH FOR SAFETY. ORIGINALLY BUILT FOR AMMUNITION DURING WORLD WAR II, THEY NOW HOLD ROCKET COMPONENTS.

FOR WOODCHUCK, THE IGLOOS PRESENT THE ULTIMATE IN FINE LIVING--SOFT DIRT TO DIG IN, AND A RICH COVER OF GRASS AND CLOVER TO FEED ON.

THE WOODCHUCKS MOVED IN -- IN DROVES.

SOON THE IGLOOS WERE DOTTED WITH WOODCHUCK HOLES AND HONEYCOMBED WITH WOODCHUCK TUNNELS. RAINWATER RUSHED INTO THE HOLES AND BEGAN WASHING AWAY THE COVERING OF EARTH. DIRT THROWN UP BY THE WOODCHUCKS BLOCKED VENTILATION SHAFTS IN THE TOPS OF THE IGLOOS.

OBVIOUSLY, THE ARMY'S MISSILE PROGRAM WAS IN DANGER, AND THE ARMY WENT TO WORK.

"WE COULD HANDLE A FEW WOODCHUCKS ON A PLACE AS BIG AS REDSTONE ARSENAL," SAID JOHN L. YORK, CHIEF OF THE PEST CONTROL CREW. "THE TROUBLE IS THAT THE CRITTERS MULTIPLY. WE'VE GOT WOODCHUCKS AND MORE WOODCHUCKS."

FIRST THE ARMY TRIED TO BEAT THEM BY FILLING IN THE HOLES. THE WOODCHUCKS DUG NEW ONES.

THE ARMY TRIED TO SCARE THEM AWAY. THE WOODCHUCKS DUG DEEPER.

SOMEBODY SUGGESTED SMOKING THEM OUT. BUT SOMEBODY ELSE SUGGESTED THAT THE IGLOOS--WITH THEIR SOLID FUEL ROCKET ENGINES INSIDE--COULD HARDLY BE RECOMMENDED FOR FIRE-BUILDING.

THEN THE ARMY TURNED TO ONE OF THE HEROES OF WORLD WAR II--THE JEEP --TO GET THE JOB DONE.

YORK AND HIS CREW NOW ATTACH HOSES TO JEEP EXHAUSTS, STICK THE NOZZLES INTO THE WOODCHUCK HOLES, AND START THE ENGINES.

YORK REPORTS THE AVERAGE HOLE YIELDS, IN THIS ORDER, SEVERAL WOOD RATS, ASSORTED LIZARDS, A CROWD OF GRASSHOPPERS, AND--FINALLY--A WATERY-EYED WOODCHUCK, WOBBLING OFF TO NEARBY WOODS.

A165 (289) BY022PES NM

GENEVA, MAY 3 (AP)-THE SOVIET UNION TOLD THE UNITED STATES AND BRITAIN TODAY A TREATY TO BAN NUCLEAR WEAPONS TESTS IS POSSIBLE ONLY ON SOVIET TERMS.

THE ANNOUNCEMENT WAS MADE BY RUSSIA'S SEMYON K. TSARAPKIN AT THE THREE-POWER NUCLEAR TEST BAN TALKS IN THE ABSENCE OF U.S. CHIEF DELEGATE ARTHUR H. DEAN WHO IS REPORTING TO PRESIDENT KENNEDY ON THE DEADLOCKED CONFERENCE.

CONFERENCE SOURCES SAID TSARAPKIN IGNORED RECENT WESTERN COMPROMISE OFFERS ON TEST BAN CONTROLS. HE WAS QUOTED AS SAYING:

"OUR (THE SOVIET UNION'S) POSITION IS ONE OF COMPROMISE. AGREE TO OUR POSITION; THEN WE CAN CONCLUDE A TREATY.

"OUR PROPOSALS FORM A GOOD BASIS TO NEGOTIATE. IF WE NEGOTIATE FROM OUR POSITION THERE IS A GOOD CHANCE THE CONFERENCE WILL NOT LAST ANOTHER HUNDRED SESSIONS."

"AGREEMENT ON A TEST BAN TREATY IS POSSIBLE ONLY IF THE WEST ABANDONS ITS UNWARRANTED POSITION," CONFERENCE SOURCES QUOTED HIM AS TELLING ACTING U.S. DELEGATE CHARLES C. STELLE AND SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT OF BRITAIN.

IN PARTICULAR, TSARAPKIN INSISTED THE WESTERN SIDE AGREE TO THE SOVIET PROPOSAL THAT A THREE-MAN ADMINISTRATIVE COUNCIL OF ONE WESTERNER, ONE COMMUNIST AND ONE NEUTRAL DIRECT THE DAY-TO-DAY OPERATIONS OF THE PROPOSED CONTROL SYSTEM.

THIS PROPOSAL IS UNACCEPTABLE TO THE WESTERN DELEGATIONS AND BOTH STELLE AND SIR MICHAEL FIRMLY REJECTED TSARAPKIN'S STATEMENT.

A56WX
(700) PMS BUDGET
KENNEDY-FOREIGN

BY JOHN M. HIGHTOWER

WASHINGTON, MAY 3 (AP)-PRESIDENT KENNEDY INTENDS TO SEND HIS NUCLEAR TEST BAN NEGOTIATOR BACK TO GENEVA IN A FEW DAYS WITH INSTRUCTIONS TO MAKE ANOTHER DETERMINED EFFORT TO REACH AGREEMENT WITH RUSSIA.

INFORMANTS SAID THIS EFFORT WILL NOT INVOLVE ANY NEW CONCESSIONS ON THE PART OF THE UNITED STATES AND BRITAIN. BUT IT WILL INVOLVE FURTHER PATIENT EXCHANGES WITH THE SOVIET DELEGATION IN THE HOPE THAT THE WAY CAN BE OPENED FOR A TREATY BANNING NUCLEAR WEAPONS TESTING.

THE WHOLE NUCLEAR WEAPONS TESTING ISSUE WAS REVIEWED BY KENNEDY AND TOP MILITARY AND DIPLOMATIC OFFICIALS AT A MEETING OF THE NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL AT THE WHITE HOUSE LATE YESTERDAY. ARTHUR H. DEAN, KENNEDY' SPECIAL AMBASSADOR AT GENEVA, AND JOHN J. MCCLOY, THE PRESIDENT'S DISARMAMENT ADVISER, PARTICIPATED.

INFORMANTS SAID DEAN GAVE A FULL ACCOUNTING OF THE GENEVA NEGOTIATIONS SINCE THEY WERE RESUMED MARCH 21. DEAN'S REPORT INDICATED THAT IN ONE RESPECT AT LEAST THE SOVIETS HAD MOVED BACKWARD, AWAY FROM PROGRESS TOWARD AN AGREEMENT.

BUT THE PRESIDENT WAS DESCRIBED TODAY AS BEING DETERMINED THAT FURTHER EFFORTS AT NEGOTIATION SHOULD BE MADE SINCE HE IS NOT YET CERTAIN THAT THE SOVIETS DO NOT WANT A TEST BAN TREATY ON TERMS WHICH WOULD BE ACCEPTABLE TO THE WESTERN POWERS AS WELL AS TO RUSSIA.

IN THIS CIRCUMSTANCE, OFFICIALS SAID, THERE IS NO DECISION YET ON WHETHER OR WHEN THE UNITED STATES SHOULD RESUME TESTING OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS. NOR IS THERE ANY FIRMLY FIXED DEADLINE SO FAR AS THE UNITED STATES IS CONCERNED FOR THE TALKS AT GENEVA, ASSUMING NO PROGRESS IS MADE.

SINCE THE GENEVA NEGOTIATIONS FIRST BEGAN LATE IN 1958, THERE HAS BEEN AN INFORMAL MORATORIUM ON ALL NUCLEAR WEAPONS TESTING BY THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN AND RUSSIA.

DEAN IS SCHEDULED TO REJOIN THE CONFERENCE NEXT WEEK FOLLOWING FURTHER DETAILED CONFERENCES IN THE STATE DEPARTMENT AND ANOTHER MEETING WITH THE PRESIDENT. HE RETURNED TO WASHINGTON LAST WEEKEND.

A WHITE HOUSE SPOKESMAN SAID FOLLOWING THE 75-MINUTE SECURITY SESSION YESTERDAY THAT THE EMPHASIS WAS ON THE GENEVA TALKS. BUT HE DID NOT RULE OUT DISCUSSION OF OTHER MATTERS INCLUDING THE LAOTIAN AND CUBAN CRISES.

OFFICIALS WHO ATTENDED THE SESSION WERE NOT LISTED. SECRETARY OF STATE DEAN RUSK AND SECRETARY OF DEFENSE ROBERT S. MCNAMARA ARE REGULAR MEMBERS ALONG WITH THE PRESIDENT AND VICE PRESIDENT. IT WAS ANNOUNCED THAT ANOTHER COUNCIL MEETING WILL BE HELD FRIDAY.

OFFICIALS REPORTED FOLLOWING THE SESSION THAT THERE WAS NO CHANGE IN WASHINGTON'S ATTITUDE TOWARD THE LAOTIAN CRISIS. KENNEDY AND HIS ADVISERS ARE INTENT AT THE MOMENT ON KEEPING IN CLOSE TOUCH WITH STEPS TOWARD A CEASE-FIRE IN THE LAOTIAN CIVIL WAR.

THE STATE DEPARTMENT REAFFIRMED YESTERDAY THAT IF A VERIFIED CEASE-FIRE IS ACHIEVED THE UNITED STATES WILL GO FORWARD WITH PLANS TO PARTICIPATE IN A 14-NATION CONFERENCE CALLED TO WORK OUT A PERMANENT POLITICAL SETTLEMENT FOR THE SOUTHEAST ASIAN KINGDOM.

THE OBVIOUS HOPE HERE IS THAT A TRUCE WILL NOW BE SPEEDILY ARRANGED SUBJECT TO VERIFICATION BY AN INTERNATIONAL CONTROL COMMISSION CONSISTING OF INDIA, CANADA AND POLAND.

KENNEDY OBVIOUSLY IS RELUCTANT TO PERMIT THE COLLAPSE OF THE NUCLEAR TEST TALKS ON WHICH THE WORLD'S DISARMAMENT HOPES MAY PARTLY DEPEND. BUT HE ALSO MAY BE UNCERTAIN ABOUT THE IMPACT ON THE SOVIET POSITION IN THOSE TALKS OF THE TENSIONS CREATED BY THE WASHINGTON-MOSCOW CONFLICT ARISING FROM THE LAOTIAN AND CUBAN SITUATIONS.

WASHINGTON AUTHORITIES SAY IT IS QUITE EVIDENT THAT THE HIGHLY IRRITATED STATE OF RELATIONS BETWEEN THE TWO POWERS IS NOT AT ALL THAT WHICH THE PRESIDENT HAD HOPED FOR WHEN HE CAME INTO OFFICE A LITTLE MORE THAN THREE MONTHS AGO. HOW FAR ALL THESE DISPUTES MAY BE RELATED IN THE FORMATION OF SOVIET ATTITUDES TOWARD THE UNITED STATES IN UNCERTAIN.

BUT IF A PERIOD OF RELATIVE DECLINE IN TENSION WERE NOW TO BE ACHIEVED, WHATEVER IMPACT THE OTHER CONTROVERSIES HAD MIGHT BE REMOVED FROM THE SCENE SO FAR AS THE GENEVA NEGOTIATIONS ARE CONCERNED.

WHEN THE UNITED STATES AND BRITAIN REJOINED RUSSIA AT THE GENEVA CONFERENCE TABLE SIX WEEKS AGO THEY IMMEDIATELY OFFERED SOME CONCESSIONS IN THEIR PROPOSALS FOR A TREATY PROVIDING A PERMANENT NUCLEAR WEAPONS TEST BAN AND AN INSPECTION SYSTEM TO POLICE IT. THE SOVIETS RESPONDED BY CRITICIZING OR IGNORING THE VARIOUS WESTERN PROPOSALS AND REASSERTING THEIR OWN EARLIER POSITION DEVELOPED DURING THE 2 1/2 YEARS THE TALKS HAVE BEEN UNDER WAY.

ONE OF THE CRITICAL ISSUES, FOR EXAMPLE, CONCERNS THE NUMBER OF INSPECTIONS WHICH INTERNATIONAL SCIENTIFIC TEAMS COULD MAKE WITHIN THE SOVIET UNION TO BE SURE THERE WAS NO CHEATING ON THE TREATY BAN. WESTERN POWERS INDICATED THEY WERE WILLING TO NEGOTIATE THE NUMBER. THEIR FIGURE FOR SOME TIME HAS BEEN AROUND 20 INSPECTIONS A YEAR. THE SOVIETS STOOD FIRM ON THREE INSPECTIONS.

CZ328AED

A161WX

U R G E N T

WASHINGTON, MAY 3 (AP)-THE HOUSE ARMED SERVICES COMMITTEE TODAY ADDED MONEY FOR CONTINUED PRODUCTION OF JET BOMBERS IN AUTHORIZING NEARLY $400 MILLION MORE THAN THE KENNEDY ADMINISTRATION ASKED FOR NEW AIRCRAFT, MISSILES AND SHIPS.

CHAIRMAN CARL VINSON, D-GA., SAID THE MEASURE TOTALLING $12,368,000,000 IS THE "LARGEST AUTHORIZATION BILL IN THE HISTORY OF CONGRESS."

THE COMMITTEE ADDED $337 MILLION FOR B52 HEAVY BOMBERS AND B58 FOR SUPERSONIC MEDIUM BOMBERS. NEITHER THE ORIGINAL DEFENSE BUDGET NOT THE REVISION SUBMITTED THIS SPRING CONTAINED ANY REQUESTS FOR MONEY FOR CONTINUING BOMBER PRODUCTION AFTER THE SCHEDULED COMPLETION OF ORDERS NEXT YEAR.

THE COMMITTEE ALSO ADDED $10 MILLION FOR NUCLEAR POWER PLANTS IN TWO OF SIX NEW GUIDED MISSILE FRIGATES.

OTHER ADDITIONS WOULD PROVIDE $21.2 MILLION FOR TURBO-FAN ENGINES TO GIVE MORE POWER TO THE LAST 15 C135 TRANSPORTS ORDERED BY THE AIR FORCE, AND $25 MILLION FOR THREE ADDITIONAL EXECUTIVE-TYPE AIRCRAFT USED TO FLY THE PRESIDENT AND IMPORTANT PERSONAGES.

THE COMMITTEE APPROVED WITHOUT CHANGE THE ADMINISTRATION PLAN TO STEP UP THE BUILDING OF POLARIS MISSILE SUBMARINES AND MINUTEMAN INTERCONTINENTAL BALLISTIC MISSILES.

IT ACCEPTED THE ADMINISTRATION DECISION TO CUT BACK FUNDS FOR THE B70 SUPERSONIC INTERCONTINENTAL BOMBER. VINSON TOLD REPORTERS THIS CUT CAUSE SOME CONCERN AT FIRST, BUT IT WAS FELT THAT THE "KENNEDY PROGRAM WILL . . . PROVIDE AN OPPORTUNITY TO FIND OUT A GREAT MANY THINGS ABOUT THE B70 WHICH MUST BE KNOWN BEFORE THE FINAL DECISION ON ITS COMPLETE DEVELOPMENT CAN BE MADE."

VINSON SAID IT WAS THE COMMITTEE'S UNANIMOUS OPINION THAT THE TIME HAS NOT YET COME WHEN THE INTERCONTINENTAL BALLISTIC MISSILE CAN BE COUNTED ON TO "PROVIDE OUR PRINCIPAL MEANS OF DETERRENCE AND OUR GREATEST OFFENSIVE CAPABILITY."

VINSON TREATED IT AS A SURE THING THAT BOTH BOEING'S B52 PRODUCTION LINE AND CONVAIR'S B58 ASSEMBLY LINE WOULD BE KEPT GOING, BUT SAID IT WOULD BE UP TO THE AIR FORCE TO DECIDE HOW MUCH TO USE FOR EACH BOMBER.

HE FIGURED THAT IF THE AMOUNT WERE SPLIT ABOUT EVENLY IT WOULD BUY ABOUT 15 OF THE B52 MODEL AND 16 OF THE B58.

CZ326PED

A188WX

RUSK-FOREIGN AID (280)

WASHINGTON, MAY 3 (AP)-SECRETARY OF STATE DEAN RUSK DECLARED TONIGHT THAT AN ADEQUATE, LONG RANGE U. S. FOREIGN AID PROGRAM IS "A MATTER OF LIFE AND DEATH FOR FREEDOM ITSELF."

RUSK SAID THE UNITED STATES FACES "FORMIDABLE MILITARY THREATS AND SHALL NEED THE COMBINED ARMS OF THE FREE WORLD TO MEET THEM."

BUT HE SAID THE SOVIET-RED CHINESE BLOC IS USING INCREASINGLY LARGE RESOURCES WITH CONSIDERABLE EFFECT IN ITS OWN FOREIGN AID PROGRAM TO TRY TO OUTFLANK "THE BASTIONS OF THE FREE WORLD" AND EXPAND RED POWER INTO EVERY CONTINENT.

RUSK'S SPEECH, PREPARED FOR A DINNER MEETING OF THE UNITED STATES CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, CONSTITUTED A PLEA FOR SUPPORT FOR PRESIDENT KENNEDY'S PROPOSED NEW FOREIGN AID PROGRAM. RUSK SAID THE HEART OF THIS PROGRAM IS KENNEDY'S REQUEST TO CONGRESS FOR AUTHORITY TO MAKE FOREIGN AID LOAN COMMITMENTS OVER A FIVE-YEAR PERIOD.

LONG-RANGE AID IS NEEDED, HE SAID, TO ASSIST LONG-RANGE PLANNING, TO GENERATE MAXIMUM SELF-HELP IN UNDERDEVELOPED COUNTRIES, AND TO ATTRACT THE COOPERATION OF OTHER INDUSTRIALIZED NATIONS.

THE UNITED STATES HAS LEARNED, RUSK SAID, THAT IF ITS FOREIGN AID PROGRAMS ARE TO BE EFFECTIVE THEY MUST PROMOTE THE GROWTH OF SOCIAL JUSTICE IN THE COUNTRIES AIDED.

"WE HAVE LEARNED THAT ASSISTANCE IS NOT LIKELY TO ACHIEVE ITS PURPOSES IF IT IS UNCONCERNED WITH SOCIAL OBJECTIVES," HE SAID, "IF IT MERELY SERVES TO ENRICH THE RICH AND PERPETUATE THE GAP BETWEEN RICH AND POOR THAT BREEDS DISCONTENT AND REVOLT."

RUSK SAID ONE CHOICE BEFORE THE WORLD NOW IS WHETHER THE NEWLY INDEPENDENT NATIONS CAN SOLVE THEIR PROBLEMS THROUGH FREE INSTITUTIONS OR WILL "SUCCUMB TO THE TRAP OF TOTALITARIAN METHODS BAITED BY THE PROMISE OF RAPID DEVELOPMENT."

"POWER IS NOT A MATTER OF ARMS ALONE," HE SAID. "STRENGTH COMES FROM EDUCATION, FERTILE ACRES, HUMMING WORKSHOPS, AND THE SATISFACTION AND PRIDE OF PEOPLES. A VIBRANT SOCIETY IS NOT SUBJECT TO SUBVERSION; DETERMINED DEFENSE IS THE EASIER WHEN THERE IS SOMETHING TO DEFEND."

EG923PED

A126

(260)

PRECEDE NEW DELHI DAY

BONN, GERMANY, MAY 3 (AP)-THE FOREIGN MINISTRY INDICATED TODAY WEST GERMANY WILL NOT PROVIDE THE ENTIRE AMOUNT PROVISIONALLY ASKED OF IT IN THE "AID INDIA CLUB."

REPORTS FROM INDIAN GOVERNMENT CIRCLES IN NEW DELHI TODAY SAID THE UNITED STATES HAD MADE A PROVISIONAL OFFER OF ONE BILLION DOLLARS IN AID IN THE NEXT TWO YEARS TO HELP FINANCE INDIA'S FIVE-YEAR DEVELOPMENT PLAN.

THE OFFER WAS SAID TO HAVE BEEN BASED ON THE EXPECTATION THAT CONGRESS WOULD APPROVE PRESIDENT KENNEDY'S FOREIGN AID PROGRAM, AND ON CONDITION THAT OTHER MEMBERS OF THE "AID INDIA CLUB" WOULD PROVIDE A MATCHING BILLION DOLLARS.

OTHER MEMBERS OF THE CLUB, WHO MET IN WASHINGTON LAST WEEK, ARE WEST GERMANY, BRITAIN, JAPAN, CANADA AND THE WORLD BANK. THE FIGURES WERE NOT MADE PUBLIC THEN.

A WEST GERMAN FOREIGN MINISTRY SPOKESMAN SAID THE UNITED STATES PROPOSED THAT THE GERMAN SHARE BE $650 MILLION.

30.24-631

HE SAID THIS COUNTRY'S COUNTER OFFER WAS $125 MILLION.
"I THINK THE $650 MILLION IS FAR TOO MUCH," THE SPOKESMAN SAID. "WE ARE CONSIDERING WHAT WE CAN DO TO HELP FURTHER, BUT IT WON'T COME TO THAT MUCH."

REPRESENTATIVES OF THE COUNTRIES IN THE CLUB RETURNED HOME AFTER THE WASHINGTON MEETING TO SEE IF THE BILLION DOLLARS OF THE UNITED STATES COULD BE MATCHED. THEY ARE TO MEET AGAIN ON MAY 31, WHEN THEIR DECISION IS EXPECTED.

THE POSITION TAKEN BY THE WEST GERMAN SPOKESMAN INDICATED THAT THE OTHER MEMBER COUNTRIES WILL HAVE TO COME UP WITH AMOUNTS LARGER THAN ORIGINALLY SUGGESTED IF THERE IS TO BE A COMPLETE MATCHING.

INDIAN OFFICIALS WERE REPORTED GRATIFIED BY THE AMERICAN OFFER. THE LARGEST AMOUNT OF U.S. AID HERETOFORE SUPPLIED INDIA IN ANY ONE YEAR WAS A LITTLE OVER $279 MILLION. THE ONE BILLION DOLLAR OFFER FOR TWO YEARS WOULD BE IN ADDITION TO $1,334,700,000 WORTH OF AGRICULTURAL SURPLUSES TO BE PROVIDED BETWEEN 1960 AND 1964.

SF1040PED

A90WX (PEACE CORPS)
PEACE CORPS (330)

WASHINGTON, MAY 3 (AP)-THE FIRST WRITTEN TEST FOR PEACE CORPS CANDIDATES WILL BE GIVEN THROUGHOUT THE UNITED STATES ON MAY 27, OFFICIALS ANNOUNCED TODAY.

"THERE WILL BE NO SUCH MARK AS A PASSING SCORE," THE ANNOUNCEMENT SAID.

"DIFFERENT PROJECTS WILL REQUIRE DIFFERENT ABILITIES, AND SOMEONE WHO SCORES LOW IN ONE AREA MAY SCORE SO WELL IN OTHERS THAT HE BECOMES THE IDEAL PERSON TO PICK FOR THE ASSIGNMENT."

THE MAY 27 TEST WILL BE FOR VOLUNTEERS DESIRING ASSIGNMENT AS ELEMENTARY SCHOOL TEACHERS, TEACHERS OF ENGLISH IN NON-ENGLISH SPEAKING AREAS, FARM OR ANIMAL HUSBANDRY WORKERS, ENGINEERS, SURVEYORS AND GEOLOGISTS.

ESTIMATING THAT 7,500 WILL TAKE THE EXAMINATION, A SPOKESMAN SAID IT WILL MARK THE INITIAL STEP IN THE SELECTION OF WORKERS FOR THE FIRST PEACE CORPS PROJECT--A SECONDARY ROADS SURVEY IN PARTS OF TANGANYIKA, AFRICA.

THE PROJECT WILL REQUIRE 20 SURVEYORS, FOUR GEOLOGISTS AND FOUR CIVIL ENGINEERS.

A SECOND TEST IS SCHEDULED JUNE 5 FOR GRADUATES OF LIBERAL ARTS AND TEACHERS' COLLEGE GRADUATES WISHING TO TEACH ENGLISH, BIOLOGY, CHEMISTRY, PHYSICS AND MATHEMATICS IN SECONDARY SCHOOLS OVERSEAS. CANDIDATES WHO TAKE THE FIRST TEST MAY ALSO TAKE THE SECOND.

A PEACE CORPS SPOKESMAN EMPHASIZED, HOWEVER, THAT THE FIRST TEST MAY BE TAKEN BY ANYONE INTERESTED IN JOINING THE CORPS AT ANY TIME IN THE FUTURE.

IT IS DESIGNED TO SET UP A BACKLOG OF PERSONNEL FOR USE IN LATER PROJECTS OF THE PROGRAM TO MAKE U. S. OCCUPATIONAL AND PROFESSIONAL SKILLS AVAILABLE TO UNDERDEVELOPED NATIONS.

THE PEACE CORPS SAID IT HAD RECEIVED ABOUT 25,000 LETTERS OF INQUIRY ABOUT THE PROGRAM AND 6,500 FORMAL LETTERS OF APPLICATION. THOSE WITH APPLICATIONS ON FILE AT HEADQUARTERS IN WASHINGTON WILL BE NOTIFIED OF THE TIME AND PLACE OF TESTS IN THEIR AREAS, IT ADDED.

QUESTIONNAIRES MAY STILL BE FILLED OUT FOR THOSE DESIRING TO TAKE THE MAY 27 TEST. THE CORPS, HOWEVER, SAID PREFERENCE WILL BE GIVEN TO THOSE SUBMITTING THEIR FORMS BY NEXT MONDAY.

SARGENT SHRIVER, CORPS DIRECTOR, SAID ONE OF THE GREATEST OVER-ALL DEMANDS WILL BE FOR CANDIDATES WHO WISH TO TEACH ENGLISH.

"WE HAVE RECEIVED MANY QUERIES FROM LIBERAL ARTS GRADUATES ASKING WHERE THEY COULD FIT INTO THE PEACE CORPS. THEY BELIEVE THAT BECAUSE THEY ARE NOT EXPERT WITH A SLIDE RULE, THEY HAVE NO FUNCTION TO PERFORM," HE SAID.

"THE PEACE CORPS NEEDS THEM AS MUCH AS IT NEEDS ANYONE. FOR EXAMPLE, THEY CAN BE TAUGHT HOW TO TEACH ENGLISH TO OTHER PEOPLES IN THE TRAINING THEY WILL RECEIVE."

EG837PED NM AST

A66

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., MAY 3 (AP)-ADLAI E. STEVENSON SAID TODAY THAT AS U.S. CHIEF DELEGATE TO THE UNITED NATIONS "I SOMETIMES YEARN FOR THE SIMPLE BRUTALITIES OF BIPARTISAN POLITICS."

THE 1952-56 DEMOCRATIC PRESIDENTIAL NOMINEE TOLD THE U.S. COMMITTEE FOR THE U.N. THAT WAS HIS FEELING AFTER "A MOST LIVELY THREE MONTHS, LATTERLY WITH CUBA, THE CONGO AND NOW LAOS."

SF631PED

A121WX
(130)
CHINA

WASHINGTON, MAY 3 (AP)-SENATORS REACHED BIPARTISAN AGREEMENT TODAY ON A RESOLUTION TO GIVE CONGRESSIONAL BACKING TO PRESIDENT KENNEDY'S STATEMENT HE WILL OPPOSE ADMISSION OF COMMUNIST CHINA TO THE UNITED NATIONS.

SENATE REPUBLICAN LEADER EVERETT M. DIRKSEN OF ILLINOIS AND SENATE DEMOCRATIC LEADER MIKE MANSFIELD OF MONTANA JOINED IN INTRODUCING A COMPROMISE RESOLUTION. MANSFIELD TOLD THE SENATE THE COMPROMISE RESOLUTION, A SUBSTITUTE FOR ONE PROPOSED BY SEN. NORRIS COTTON, R-N.H., HAS THE APPROVAL OF SECRETARY OF STATE DEAN RUSK.

THE COMPROMISE RESOLUTION WOULD PUT CONGRESS ON RECORD AS SUPPORTING THE PRESIDENT "IN HIS AFFIRMATION THAT THE UNITED STATES SHALL CONTINUE TO MEET ITS COMMITMENTS TO THE PEOPLE AND GOVERNMENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF CHINA AND SHALL CONTINUE TO SUPPORT THAT GOVERNMENT AS THE REPRESENTATIVE OF CHINA IN THE UNITED NATIONS."

PE1045PED

B18WX Q
NY RELAY

(200) WASHINGTON, MAY 3 (AP)-PRESIDENT KENNEDY IS TRYING TO FIND OUT HOW A DECORATED COMBAT VETERAN OF WORLD WAR II WAS RAILROADED INTO PRISON ON WHAT CONGRESS HAS HELD TO BE FALSE TESTIMONY.

THE WHITE HOUSE DISCLOSED TODAY THAT KENNEDY HAS DIRECTED A MEMBER OF HIS STAFF TO LOOK INTO THE CASE OF LT. MICHAEL COLLINS.

IN DISCLOSING THIS, ASSISTANT PRESS SECRETARY ANDREW H. HATCHER DECLINED TO IDENTIFY THE STAFF MEMBER TO WHOM KENNEDY HAS ASSIGNED THE CASE.

COLLINS WAS ACQUITTED BY A COURT-MARTIAL AT FT. BRAGG, N.C. IN JUNE 1954 ON CHARGES OF BREAKING INTO A HOUSE WITH INTENT TO RAPE, BUT HE WAS CONVICTED ON ANOTHER CHARGE OF BURGLARY AND ASSAULT.

THE OFFICER WAS SENTENCED TO SERVE 10 YEARS BUT WAS RELEASED IN JANUARY 1956 WHEN THE SECRETARY OF THE ARMY ORDERED ALL CHARGES DISMISSED AND ALL RIGHTS RESTORED.

CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES INVESTIGATED AND CAME TO THE CONCLUSION THE CONVICTION WAS BASED ON TRUMPED-UP CHARGES BY FELLOW OFFICERS.

A BILL WAS PASSED GIVING COLLINS $25,000 TO REIMBURSE HIM FOR THE EXPENSE OF WINNING VINDICATION AND KENNEDY SIGNED IT LAST WEEK.

HATCHER DISCLOSED THAT KENNEDY SENT A PERSONAL LETTER TO COLLINS, WHOSE ADDRESS IS LISTED AS EAST NORTHPORT, L.I., N.Y. EXPRESSING REGRET THAT IMPROPER TESTIMONY HAD BEEN USED AGAINST HIM.

HATCHER SAID KENNEDY WANTS TO FIND OUT WHO WAS RESPONSIBLE.

CZ332PED

End May 3, 1961